# POLICY AND PROCEDURES FOR

## SAFEGUARDING &

### PROTECTING CHILDREN

# Grove House Nursery School And Children's Centre

Agreed by Governing Body 1st December 2022

Regular changes made as notified below:

September 2022 March 2022 September 2021

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#### 1. Introduction and Aims

- 1. This document sets out the overarching children's centre policy and procedure to be followed to safeguard children accessing services at or through a children's centre in the London Borough of Ealing. It also sets out the policy and procedure for safeguarding the children attending the nursery school. This policy must be made available to all members of the nursery school and children's centre community in hard copy or electronically.
- 2. If the core services at this centre are provided by a number of different organisations for example a school, a voluntary or private sector childcare provider and an externally commissioned service this policy and procedure must act as the overarching guidance for the children's centre.
- 3. All parties should be familiar with its content. If this content is a variance with existing policies which would render this document ineffective the existing policies must be amended in accordance with this document.
- 4. However, this document does not replace existing agency or single organisation policies, but acts as a shared document to clarify safeguarding roles and responsibilities within a nursery school and children's centre in which a number of different services and organisations deliver services.
- 5. The staff (and governors where applicable) of the nursery school and children's centre must recognise their legal duty to safeguard children, including their legal duty to refer concerns of child abuse or neglect to the appropriate investigating agency, and also recognise that this duty of care extends to protecting children from harm and neglect outside the nursery school and children's centre.
- 6. Children's centre advisory boards must also recognise the importance of supporting the nursery school and children's centre community in meeting its obligations regarding safeguarding and protecting children. Safeguarding must be a standing item on the agenda.
- 7. The nursery school and children's centre aims to follow the procedures set out in Ealing's Child Protection Policies and Procedures (Yellow Book 2022/23), the London Child Protection Procedures; and (as applicable), The Early Years Foundation Stage, and the DfE's Keeping Children Safe in Education September 2021 and supplementary document: Keeping Children Safe in Education September 2021 (Information for all school and college staff).
- 8. The nursery school and children's centre is committed to:
  - Raising the profile of Safeguarding and Child Protection, including the need for constant vigilance amongst staff and adults working at the nursery school and children's centre
  - b. Sharing our data protection policies with parents on admission and by publicising these policies
  - c. Establishing and implementing effective procedures for identifying, reporting, and monitoring all concerns about children/families
  - d. Establishing and implementing effective working arrangements to support children in accordance with agreed child protection/child in need plans
  - e. Providing a curriculum and learning environment, which promotes the development of the attitudes and skills children need to keep safe
  - f. Establishing and implementing the recommended procedures for safer recruitment as they apply to staff, students and volunteers
  - g. Ongoing safeguarding training for all colleagues appropriate to their role and level of responsibility including regular attendance of DSL or Centre representative at the Nominated Safeguarding Persons' Network (termly meetings)

h. Undertaking an annual safeguarding audit using the safeguarding audit tool; additional reviews may be required following any safeguarding incidents at the centre, however the annual audit must still be carried out.

#### 2. Objectives of the Policy

The objectives of this policy are to:

- Raise the awareness of everyone working at the nursery school and children's centre
  of their duty to act immediately in identifying and reporting concerns about
  children/families.
- 2. Clarify roles and responsibilities in relation to safeguarding children.
- 3. Clarify safeguarding roles and responsibilities for different organisations that deliver services at the same children's centre.
- 4. Set out the procedures for reporting initial concerns and making referrals.
- 5. Set out the procedures for the ongoing monitoring of children identified to be at risk.
- 6. Set out the procedures for reporting to and attending child protection meetings.
- 7. Set out the procedures for safer recruitment including volunteers
- 8. Set out the procedures for managing allegations against professionals

#### 3. Roles and Responsibilities

Every service or organisation that regularly delivers services to children and families in the nursery school and children's centre must have a dedicated person to act as the lead on all safeguarding children issues. This person would be the Designated Teacher in the school and DSL for other services.

Within each nursery school and children's centre there must be one DSL for each organisation / provider based in the centre, with the lead DSL being the overall manager or designated member of staff for the children's centre.

Ealing's children's centres are configured into locality areas with a lead centre for each locality. The lead centre has an overarching role with the locality and must ensure good communication between DSLs in the locality.

### However, the Designated Lead for safeguarding in the nursery school has the following responsibilities:

The role of the designated safeguarding lead is to:

- 1. Take the lead in safeguarding all children accessing nursery school and children's centre services and day care provision.
- 2. Ensure a named deputy designated safeguarding lead (DSL) is in place for term time and an DSL during the school holiday periods.
- 3. Ensure that all staff know how to contact the DSL or their deputy at all times.
- 4. Ensure the centre has an induction process for all staff that introduces the Ealing Policy and Procedures for Safeguarding and Protecting Children, and maintains a record of this.
- 5. Keep up to date with new initiatives and local and national requirements including Child Sexual Exploitation (CSE) and Disclosure by Association.
- 6. Ensure that centre staff have regular up to date introduction and refresher Safeguarding and Child Protection training (within two years).
- 7. Keep their local knowledge of Safeguarding and Child Protection policy and procedures current in line with local guidance (Yellow Book 2022/23) and Government policy (Keeping Children Safe in Education 2021)
- 8. Provide advice to staff about how to take a concern or complaint forward and keep a record of all communications, date, time and who with (including role/agency) and when this will be reviewed and by whom. Record all reviews.
- 9. Liaise with local statutory agencies to seek any further advice and guidance as needed and record this.
- 10. Keep securely following data protection protocols all records of any concerns, discussions, decisions and referrals made, these records must be signed and dated.
- 11. Keep accurate records for all children on Children In Need (CIN) and Child Protection Plans. Records should include attendance/punctuality monitoring and any other tasks set by the core group.
- 12. Contribute to and attend case conferences, core groups or strategy meetings as required.
- 13. Hold an overview of cases involving social care input known to the school and centre.
- 14. Ensure all staff are inducted and understand their role in local Safeguarding and Child Protection policies and procedures in line with Ealing's Yellow Book 2022/23, and Keeping Children Safe in Education 2021.

15. Understand their role and responsibility in identifying and addressing concerns around extremism and radicalisation in accordance with Prevent Duty Guidance for England and Wales 2015<sup>1</sup>.

The Designated safeguarding lead (DSL) is responsible for:

All DSLs within the school could be required once made aware of a concern to follow the procedures below. Once actions have been taken a DSL should ensure that the overarching DSL for the centre/locality is aware of the concerns and the actions taken.

- 1. Reporting immediate concerns, where the child is considered to be at imminent risk of harm to the police by dialling 999.
- Reporting urgent concerns, including concerns relating to Prevent Duty, <u>immediately</u> to Ealing's Children's Integrated Response Service (ECIRS) : Tel: (020) 8825 8000
- 3. Following up your telephone contact with ECIRS in writing. Information can be sent securely via Egress Email: <a href="mailto:ecirs@ealing.gov.uk">ecirs@ealing.gov.uk</a>. If you cannot initiate an Egress email please ask the ECIRS worker to send you a secure email that you can reply to with your attachments.
- 4. Taking advice from the local authority Child Protection Advisors, if unsure whether to make a referral, Child Protection Admin: Tel: 020 8825 8930
- 5. Discussing concerns with parents, before making referral <u>unless</u> there is a risk of further harm to the child.
- 6. All allegations made against staff, volunteers, students or governors must be reported:
  - a. To the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) who will support The Nominated Safeguarding Lead in following through appropriate procedures and actions (contact details can be found in section 18).
  - b. And if the allegation is against the head/manager/proprietor this must be reported immediately to the LADO as above and to the Chair of Governors, or the next level of the reporting hierarchy (if not a school) and to:
    - i. Ofsted and
    - ii. Schools Human Resources (if applicable)
- 7. Ensuring information is recorded and appropriate records maintained and stored securely
- 8. Ensuring records and information are shared with appropriate professionals, in line with local information sharing policy.
- 9. Managing the monitoring of attendance, development and wellbeing of children subject to Child Protection or Children In Need plans.
- 10. All DSLs to confirm with the overarching DSL for Centre /Locality which member of management /staff are providing supervision and guidance to staff working with children subject to Child Protection or Children In Need plans or an EHAP
- 11. Ensuring that the Nursery school and Children's Centre policies and procedures for safeguarding are known and adhered to by colleagues.
- 12. Acting as a source of advice within the Children's Centre, seeking further clarification when needed and ensuring their own and staff training is up to date.
- 13. Identifying and addressing deficiencies in the internal safeguarding procedures as they arise and ensuring that procedures are reviewed if required.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Revised Prevent Duty Guidance: for England and Wales 2015
Ealing Children's Centres Policy and Procedures for Safeguarding and Child Protection June 2016

14. Ensuring the appropriate person attends and contributes to case conferences and core group meetings using the strengthening families case conference report format

The Governing Body (or lead organisation) is responsible for:

- 1. Ensuring that appropriate safeguarding and child protection procedures are in place.
- 2. Seeking advice from the Local Authority and Children's Services when necessary.
- 3. Nominating one of its members to have responsibility for safeguarding and child protection and to liaise with the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) as necessary.
- 4. Ensuring that the nominated governor (if applicable) undertakes child protection/safer recruitment training
- 5. Reviewing the safeguarding policy and procedures annually.
- 6. N.B. The Chair of the Governing Body (or named person in the reporting hierarchy) is the person responsible for liaising with the local authority if an allegation of abuse is made against the Head teacher/Head of Centre.

The staff and other adults working with the children are responsible for:

- 7. Actively protecting children they work with, including challenging parents in the inappropriate handling of their child's behaviour e.g. smacking or where parents are suspected to be under the influence of alcohol or drugs (if it is judged safe to do so).
- 8. Following the established procedures.
- 9. Immediately reporting and recording causes for concern to The Designated Safeguarding Lead or their deputy. Taking the concern forward immediately in the event of the DSL and Deputy's absence.
- 10. Understand their duty to have "due regard to the need to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism<sup>2</sup>" by being able to recognize areas of concern in relation to Prevent and to report these concerns on to the DSL
- 11. Providing written records stating the names of staff involved, children and date and time concerns were noted, reporting exactly what was seen and heard, this should be recorded as early as possible.
- 12. Reporting any concerns about staff.
- 13. To write reports as required for case conferences and core group meetings. (These must be shared with parents prior to meeting
- 14. Attending case conferences and core group meetings when asked to do so (staff will be given support in this).
- 15. Reporting "near misses" where a child could have potentially been at risk to ensure steps can be taken to avoid an incident occurring.
- 16. All staff must be aware of their role in identifying and reporting children who under the law would be considered to be privately fostered and staff must:
  - a. ensure that they understand the definition of private fostering<sup>3</sup>
  - b. inform parents/carers of their legal requirement to contact the Council where there are thought to be private fostering arrangements
  - c. notify the organisations DSL and report to ECIRS by phone 020 8825 8000 and follow up by secure Email (Egress): ecirs@ealing.gov.uk

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Revised Prevent Duty Guidance: for England and Wales July 2015

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Private Fostering: What is your role (Ealing Children's Services Leaflet)

#### 4. Identifying, Reporting, Referring, and Monitoring Concerns

Staff must be as objective as possible in observing and reporting concerns, writing down exactly what they see and hear, and keeping this distinct from their opinions and beliefs. Staff must also act sensitively at all times with the child and ensure only to ask non leading questions e.g. 'How did you get the bruise?' **not** 'Did daddy/mummy hit you?' It is good practice to have another member of staff within the vicinity to witness conversation.

The nursery school and children's centre designated safeguarding lead **must be informed at all times** if there is a safeguarding concern within the nursery school or children's centre. If the DSL is not the Head teacher, they must notify the Head teacher of all safeguarding and child protection concerns arising at the centre.

Professionals delivering services at or through the centre from an independent organisation must inform the nursery school and children's centre DSL if they have any safeguarding concerns relating to children using their services.

The safeguarding responsibilities of the other services and organisations are set out below in relation to a range of circumstances that may occur in a children's centre:

1. If a safeguarding concern is raised by a visiting member of staff about a child who is receiving a service that is delivered by the nursery school the DSL must be informed and take forward the complaint or concern.

The DSL must inform the DSL of the other organisation of this concern and the actions being taken as long as these do not relate to the other organisation itself.

2. If a safeguarding concern is raised by a member of staff about a child that is receiving a service being delivered <u>solely</u> by the other organisation the DSL for that service or organisation must take forward the complaint or concern.

The DSL for the other organisation must inform the nursery school DSL of this concern who may then consider a joint investigation or need to take action as a consequence of this concern; for example to safeguard a sibling attending another service within the children's centre.

These reporting responsibilities are set out in the following **flow chart.** 

The nursery school and children's centre must enter the details of their centre in the flow chart and display this prominently within the centre office. They should also ensure that all staff within the lead and other organisations working at the centre are aware of these reporting responsibilities.

#### 5. Children's Centres Reporting Responsibilities Flow Chart

This flow chart <u>does not</u> replace: 'Dealing with concerns about a child/young person (Yellow Book 2022/23 page 80) which must be followed by all staff and organisations working in Ealing Children's Centres.

#### **Grove House Nursery School & Children's Centre**

Name of lead	Grove House Nursery School & Children's Centre
Organisation:	
Name of lead	Helen Mayor
Organisation's	-,-
<b>Designated Safeguarding</b>	
Lead (DSL)	

When following your procedures for reporting a concern regarding a child please refer to Ealing's

Thresholds

A child shows signs of being in need or injury, neglect, emotional or sexual abuse

Please note: If the concern relates to actions of lead or other organisation, staff members follow guidance for Allegations against Professionals (in Yellow Book 2022/23)

Immediately inform the lead Designated safeguarding lead (Children's Centre) and The Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) for your own organisation (if different)

If you work for the lead organisation and the child is in your care

The Children's Centres DSL follows procedures and reports concerns to Children's Services

If you work for another organisation and the child is in your care

The DSL of your organisation follows procedures and reports concerns to Children's Services

Regardless of the route taken, The DSLs involved MUST feedback to each other the nature of the concern, actions taken and the outcome of the referral (if made)

DSLs must consider the needs of any siblings accessing a service delivered by the lead or other organisation at or through the centre.

#### 6. Procedures for raising concerns:

When raising a concern, the following procedures will be followed:

- Staff, students, volunteers, or governors who have concerns about any child's wellbeing or safety or any parent/carer's behaviour, must record their concerns, using the Incident report form:
  - a. Date and time
  - b. What they saw and heard,
  - c. Who else was involved, and
  - d. Share this immediately with Designated safeguarding lead (DSL).
  - 2. When appropriate the position of marks/bruising must be plotted on a body map with information of size/colour.
  - 3. All notes must be signed and dated by the person making the report.
  - 4. In order to make the process objective and maintain confidentiality, concerns should not be discussed with colleagues at this stage the DSL will decide whether, when and how best to consult colleagues.
  - 5. The DSL will draw together the <u>immediate</u> evidence/concerns about the child/family to inform the decision to make a referral. This should not delay the process of a making a referral.

#### 7. Procedures for making a referral:

When making a referral, the following procedures will be followed.

- 1. The initial contact with parent/s must be well planned to ensure child/children's welfare and parent/s understanding and cooperation. Parents will normally be told of the referral unless this puts the child at risk, or in the case of suspected sexual abuse.
- 2. Prepare a chronology of significant events using the Ealing Children's Services-Interagency Referral and Assessment Form. **Note: Although this is required there must be no delay in making a referral if this information is not ready to hand.**
- 3. Phone ECIRS: Tel: (020) 8825 8000 and discuss concerns for follow up information Email: <a href="mailto:ecirs@ealing.gov.uk">ecirs@ealing.gov.uk</a>. Note: If child lives in another Borough, then the Social Services in that local authority should be contacted. <a href="Mover leave a message on an answer machine">Never leave a message on an answer machine</a> when making a safeguarding referral, always make sure you speak to someone and record the name of the person who you have made the referral to.
- 4. If you have made the decision not to inform the parents of the referral you must speak to a Social Worker in order to plan who will contact parent/s and when.
- 5. If you are not contacted by a Social Worker by the time the child is due to go home, **phone ECIRS again**. You should phone the police if the child is about to go home and you are concerned that they are at immediate risk of significant harm.
- 6. At the end of the referral discussion the referrer and ECIRS should be clear about proposed action, timescales and who will be taking action, or that no further action will be taken.
- 7. All referrals from professionals should be confirmed in writing, by the referrer, within 48 hours.
- 8. If the referrer has not received an acknowledgement of the referral within three working days, they must contact ECIRS again.

9. Where there is to be no further action by Children's Services, feedback should be provided by Children's Services to the referrer about the outcome of this stage of the referral.

#### 8. Procedures for monitoring children thought/known to be at risk

When monitoring a child thought or known to be at risk, the following procedures will be followed:

- 1. Written records of concern/incidents must be kept even if there is no immediate plan for a referral.
- 2. The Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) will inform the key person of their responsibility to keep and maintain record of information about the child.
- 3. The key person is responsible for maintaining records of wellbeing and progress. When levels of concern are high or a child is subject to a Child Protection or Child In Need plan, daily records will be needed for detailed monitoring of the child's emotional wellbeing; relationships; physical wellbeing; play; toileting issues etc.
- 4. Aspects of a child's wellbeing and progress are discussed at team meetings when relevant to obtain feedback from all colleagues, and to plan future action as a team. These plans must be recorded and reviewed.
- 5. The Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) must maintain a record of telephone and other relevant contacts with outside agencies, staff, and parents/carers in the child's file.
- 6. Children's files are stored in a locked filing cabinet in a lockable room.

#### 9. Procedures for reporting to and attending review meetings

When reporting to and attending review meetings, the following procedures will be followed:

- The Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) notifies Children's Services immediately
  of any concerns or unauthorised absences involving Looked After Children and
  children subject to Child Protection or Child In Need plans and records it on the
  child's file.
- 2. The Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) and/or the child's key person provide reports for and attend case conferences, core group meetings, and professionals' meetings as required.
- 3. On transfer, records are passed on as appropriate to the DSL at the receiving school/nursery. If the child is currently subject to a CP/CIN plan and agreement has been provided by the lead professional. A receipt must be obtained from the receiving school.

#### 10. Safer Recruitment

The nursery school and children's centre follows the Safer Recruitment Practices outlined by Keeping Children Safe in Education 2021, which aims to identify people who might be harmful or unsuitable at the outset and prevent them from working with children.

The nursery school and children's centre aims to ensure insofar as is possible, that anyone seeking paid or voluntary work at the nursery school and children's centre is safe to work with children.

The nursery school and children's centre expects all staff and volunteers to share commitment to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children.

Safer Recruitment requires the nursery school and children's centre to embed child protection and the safeguarding of children at every stage of the recruitment and selection process.

When recruiting staff, the following procedures will be followed:

- 1. At least one member of the interviewing panel will have attended appropriate safer recruitment training (provided by LA)
- 2. Ensuring job descriptions clearly state the responsibility staff have for safeguarding children and promoting their welfare.
- 3. Including specific reference to applicants' suitability to work with children in future person specifications.
- 4. Use of application forms, which include necessary statements relating to the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act, and a Safeguarding Statement, which summarises the vetting process that will be undertaken. (Reference Local Authority Application Forms)
- 5. Scrutinising applicants' education and employment history.
- 6. Completely resolving apparent gaps/discrepancies in the application (including gaps in employment) at the interview stage, all gaps /discrepancies must be accounted for
- 7. Obtaining independent references to assess the applicants' suitability to work with children and addressing concerns that may arise.
- 8. Children's centres must ask for previous allegations founded and unfounded and if subject to any disciplinary procedures even if time scale is spent.
- 9. A formal interview, which will include questions relating to safeguarding of children.
- 10. Verifying the successful applicants: identity, academic/vocational qualifications, employment history and experience and resolving anomalies, health and physical capacity for the job.
- 11. Processing the application for and obtaining clearance from the Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) for an Enhanced DBS check before staff take up employment (see page 14 of this policy)
- 12. In exceptional circumstances if a staff member is required to start before a satisfactory DBS check has been received a risk assessment must be carried out, reviewed and signed by the overarching NSP. The member of staff must never be left unsupervised with children.
- 13. At recruitment a Disclosure by Association check will be conducted, this will be rechecked regularly (as advised by HR) in personal supervision of staff.

#### 11. Single Central Record

The nursery school and children's centre keep a Single Central Record of Recruitment and Vetting checks and a Record of ID Checks for all staff, students and volunteers who work or deliver services at the centre.

The Single Central Record of DBS disclosures should include details of:

- 1. Name
- 2. Role
- 3. Organisation
- 4. DBS number
- 5. Date of DBS Disclosure
- 6. Confirmation that the Head of Centre or a person delegated by them has had sight of this disclosure
- 7. Confirmation that the Head of Centre or a person delegated by them has seen proof of identification such as a passport or Photo ID from a statutory agency or organisation contracted by the Local Authority. Copies of disclosures must not be kept on site.
- 8. For national and external organisations recognised by the LA such as NHS healthcare professionals or LA maintenance teams you should expect to be provided with the full DBS details. In some instance a formal letter from their organisation that clearly outlines that staff have all received DBS clearance. This letter should be annually updated.

#### 12. Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS)4

Children's centres provide regulated activity (children) as set below:

- 1. Regulated activity includes unsupervised activities e.g. **teaching, training,** instructing, care or supervision of children or providing guidance or advice on well-being, driving a vehicle for children only.
- Regulated activity also includes work for a limited range of establishments (specified places) where there is an opportunity for contact e.g. schools, children's homes, children's centres and childcare premises (but not work by supervised volunteers – <u>unless this is frequent</u> see point 5 below)
- 3. If you are on the payroll working at a school / Nursery school and children's centre / childcare provider, this is classed as Regulated Activity
- 4. Contractors or any employee of the contractor have to have an appropriate level DBS checks. Contractors engaging in regulated activity will require and enhanced DBS certificate (including barred list information). For all other contractors who are not engaging in regulated activity, but whose work provides them with an opportunity for regular contact with children, an enhanced DBS check (not including barred list) will be required. When considering whether the contact is regular (regular is defined as

Keeping children safe in education Statutory guidance for schools and colleges / Ealing Council DBS guidance 2015
 Ealing Children's Centres Policy and Procedures for Safeguarding and Child Protection June 2016
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carried out by the same person frequently (once a week or more often), or on 4 or more days in a 30-day period, it is irrelevant whether the contractor works on a single site or across a number of sites). Temporary and maintenance workers are not in regulated activity, it is the Nursery school and children's centre responsibility to ensure the safety of the children through supervising these staff at ALL time.

- 5. Frequency and intensity comes into play with children. Even if a role is unregulated e.g. volunteer, if they were to be at the school / Nursery school and children's centre once a week or four times in a month, because of the frequency they would need to have a DBS check carried out, but not a Barred List check.
- 6. Those roles that used to be in Regulated Activity but are no longer in Regulated Activity (i.e. they are fully supervised) **can still have an enhanced DBS check** but <u>no Barred List check.</u>
- 7. Parent volunteers on school or centre trips need to be supervised at ALL times and it is the nursery school and children's centre's responsibility to ensure this happens.

#### Disclosure and Barring Service checks<sup>5</sup>

These are the types of checks available to those working with children: <b>Type</b> of check	What the check involves	Positions eligible for this level of check
Standard check	Check of the Police National Computer records of convictions, cautions, reprimands and warnings	The position being applied for must be covered by an exempted question in the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 (Exceptions) Order 1975.
Enhanced check	Check of the Police National Computer records <b>plus</b> other information held by police such as interviews and allegations. This information must be relevant to the sector and be approved by the police for inclusion on the certificate.	The position being applied for must be covered by an exempted question in the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 (Exceptions) Order 1975 and in Part 5 of the Police Act 1997 (Criminal Records) Regulations.*
Enhanced criminal record check with children's and/or adult's barred list information	Check of the Police National Computer records <b>plus</b> other information held by police <b>plus</b> check of the DBS Children's Barred List <b>plus</b> check of the DBS Adults' Barred List.	The position must be eligible for an enhanced level criminal record check as above and be for a purpose listed in Regulation 5 of the Police Act 1997 (Criminal Records) Regulations as able to check the barred list(s).

For staff working in a regulated activity, schools, children's centres or child care providers managers <u>must apply</u> for the: Enhanced criminal record check with children's and/or adults' barred list information, check.

For staff (or volunteers work who work frequently) in a regulated activity and are supervised (and as such this could be classed as an unregulated activity) schools, children's centres, child care providers <u>can</u> apply for an: Enhanced check

Guidance for supervision of volunteers is set out clearly in Annex D: statutory Guidance – regulated activity (children)<sup>6</sup>

#### Frequency of DBS checks

Schools, children's centres and childcare providers must follow guidance on frequency of DBS renewal that relates to their service type and organisation as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See Keeping children safe in education Statutory guidance for schools and colleges September 2021 for references

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> See Keeping children safe in education Statutory guidance for schools and colleges September 2021 Ealing Children's Centres Policy and Procedures for Safeguarding and Child Protection June 2016

#### 1. Ealing Council Children's Services staff:

- Enhanced check with barring on starting employment in a regulated activity and on change of job, change in circumstances that would have implications for the check and or renewed every three years
- b. Enhanced check on starting employment in a regulated activity and on change of job, and or change in circumstances that would have implications for the check

#### 2. School and external child care provider staff:

- Enhanced check with barring on starting employment in a regulated activity and on change of job and or change in circumstances that would have implications for the check
- b. Enhanced check on starting employment in a regulated activity and on change of job, and or change in circumstances that would have implications for the check
- 3. <u>All employees</u> who work in a regulated activity and have undertaken a DBS check have an obligation to notify their manager/employer of any incidents that may affect this status. Manager must then carry out an additional check.

#### 13. Managing Allegations Against Staff

The nursery school and children's centre has a professional duty to provide a safe and happy environment and nurturing ethos, which fosters confidence, independence and learning, and:

- 1. Recognises the importance of close contact with trusted adults for young children's healthy development and its importance in building self-esteem and positive attachments between the staff and the children. This is especially important for the youngest children who require the greatest amount of physical care, handling, and comforting.
- 2. Fosters the development of natural relationships between staff and children based on care, respect and love for the children, which includes close physical contact and warmth. This sort of contact is <u>not encouraged</u> with **students**, **volunteers** and **short-term agency staff**. Everyone is nevertheless, expected to always observe professional and appropriate boundaries in their relationships with the children.

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To ensure a safe environment, the following procedures will be followed:

- 1. Activities where staff are alone with a child or group of children for a short period of time e.g. during story times, must be planned, agreed and recorded by the Centre Head or delegated manager to ensure that staff qualification and ratios are met at all times, and risk assessment carried out as appropriate.
- 2. At least one member of staff must hold a full and relevant level 3 qualification (if working with under twos additionally "must be suitably experienced in working with children under two" (Statutory Framework for Early Years Foundation Stage September 2014)
- 3. Students, volunteers, visitors or agency staff are not allowed to be alone with children (with the exception of agency staff/students on long term placement who have been observed to work safely and respectfully with the children over a period of time and agreed and recorded by the head teacher or delegated manager and have DBS clearance.)
- 4. The changing areas are open to main areas, so staff are not shut off alone and out of sight with children.
- 5. Permanent members of staff should change children's clothes, or long-term agency staff, that have a key person role. This should be agreed and recorded by the head teacher or delegated manager.
- 6. Staff must inform colleagues when they are changing a child.
- 7. Staff must keep a record of nappy changes, or changes of children's clothing, toilet training and any other occasion when it is necessary to change a child or help them in the toilets.
- 8. If parents take their own child to the toilet area, staff must ensure that no other children are left alone in this area at the same time.
- 9. Contractors working on site must not be allowed in changing areas if children are being changed.

In the event of an allegation being made against staff the procedure is to:

- 1. Report the allegation to Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) (except for allegations against the DSL, which must be reported to the person who is at next level of management).
  - This person will report it to the Local Authority's Designated Officer (LADO) **immediately** and follow up information can be sent securely via Egress Email: asv@ealing.gov.uk / <a href="mailto:child.protection@ealing.cjsm.net">child.protection@ealing.cjsm.net</a> to Isha Dhody dhodyi@ealing.gov.uk and Charles Barnard cbarnard@ealing.gov.uk.
- 2. The person who has reported the incident to the Local Authority's Designated Officer must not talk to any members of staff or other person until advised to do so by the Local Authority's Designated Officer (LADO). The member of staff concerned must not be told about the subject of the allegation as this can hinder and affect the investigation procedure.
- 3. All communication and related evidence and actions must be recorded, dated and signed.
- 4. The Local Authority's Designated Officer will consult as necessary with the head teacher/police/child protection advisor and HR to consider the evidence/information and will advise on the required course of action.
- 5. Refer to Ealing's Yellow Book 2022/23, for more detailed procedures.

- 6. Organisations must follow their own procedures regarding allegations against professionals (AAP) and if the requirements are met for a member of staff to be temporarily relocated, redeployed or suspended this must be actioned accordingly.
- 7. The manager responsible <u>must only</u> communicate information with the affected member of staff as agreed by the LADO, e.g. to state the reasons for management action other than an allegation has been made (<u>not</u> what the allegations relates to)

#### 14. Training

To ensure safe practice the following training must be undertaken:

- 1. The Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) must undertake Ealing Safeguarding Children Board approved training through attendance at Ealing Safeguarding Children Board or other relevant Governors Safeguarding Training. This training must be renewed every two years. There is also an expectation that the DSL attend other relevant ESCB multi-agency training and a requirement to attend DSL network
- Whole staff group and/or individual training will be undertaken <u>every 2 years</u> or more often if required. This training should meet the requirements of Ealing Safeguarding Children Board.
- 3. Ensure that staff are trained properly and understand their duties under Prevent<sup>7</sup>
- 4. All staff must be able to demonstrate a general awareness of known indicators/predisposing factors of abuse/neglect as well as detailed knowledge of the agreed policies and procedures.
- 5. All front line staff, including reception staff must be trained to pass on calls about the safety of children to Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) or other member of Senior Management Team (Headteacher); and be able to record their concerns on the Nursery school and children's centre phone and discussion record sheet.
- 6. The Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) will ensure their own and other staff training is kept up to date and will keep a log of all relevant training. This will include options for on-line training modules that can be accessed from Ealing Safeguarding Children Board.
- 7. As a nursery school and children's centre with a governing body:
  - a. The governing body training must take place every two years.
  - b. The Headteacher and the Chair of Governors or a nominated governor will attend appropriate Safer Recruitment training.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Revised Prevent Duty Guidance for England and Wales 2015Ealing Children's Centres Policy and Procedures for Safeguarding and Child Protection June 2016

#### 15. Supporting children's safety through learning

The time that children at risk spend at nursery may be the only stable and predictable part of their lives.

It is especially important to provide children in these circumstances, with a secure, caring environment and a curriculum that is based directly on their observed developmental and care needs, capabilities and interests. For example, in understanding the world the children will learn how to keep themselves safe when walking on the pavement near traffic. The key person system enables the nursery school to do this on an individual basis.

The nursery school and children's centre recognises the fundamental role that children's personal, social and emotional development plays in their wellbeing and their ability to develop and learn 'normally' – as well as the potential impact it might have on their ability to stand up for themselves and keep themselves safe. Within children's centres we promote the fundamental British values of democracy, rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of others

The nursery school and children's centre therefore plan to:

- Build children's self-esteem, self-awareness, and self-confidence.
- Build their ability and willingness to say what they want/need and speak up for themselves, knowing they will be listened to.
- Help them understand boundaries and acceptable behaviour.
- Help them understand that they have the right to feel safe and not be frightened.
- Help them deal with conflicts by talking, explaining their motives and negotiating.
- Teach them to say no if they don't like something/don't want to do something.
- Help them think about keeping safe/keeping away from danger.
- Teach them where to go for help and how to ask for it.
- Teach them to treat others as they would want to be treated themselves.

This safeguarding policy and procedures should also be read in conjunction with the following documents and policies:

- The health and safety policy and related risk assessments
- Behaviour and anti bullying policy
- Procedures for meeting the needs of pupils with medical conditions
- Procedures for first aid
- Policy for managing intimate care (toileting)
- E Safety policy
- Whistleblowing policy
- Acceptable use policy
- · Recruitment of staff.

#### **Child-on-child Abuse**

Child-on-child abuse can take many forms and can take place without the knowledge of adults within a school. Some examples of child-on-child abuse are; bullying (including cyberbullying, prejudice-based and discriminatory bullying); abuse in intimate personal relationships between peers; physical abuse which can include hitting, kicking, shaking, biting, hair pulling, or otherwise causing physical harm. This list is not exhaustive and as children grow beyond the early years there are many other types of child-on-child abuse that should be considered, as outlined in KCSIE 2021 p.12-13.

At Grove House Nursery School, children are taught in an open plan environment where they are observed by caring and trusted adults all of the time. There is a strong focus on; children's personal, social and emotional development; on teaching our children to respect their peers when talking and playing together; learning how to touch one another appropriately and how to respond if a friend does something that they do not like.

A central value at Grove House is one of 'listening', ensuring that children, staff and parents feel listened to and heard and have opportunities to share their thoughts, feelings and thinking on any matters that are of importance to them. Children are actively encouraged by their keyworkers and other close adults to talk about things that upset or concern them. This will support our children as they grow and develop to be able to talk to others about any forms of abuse or violence that they may encounter in their lives.

#### 16. Nursery school and children's centre Information

At Grove House Nursery School and Children's Centre, **Helen Mayor** is the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL); this person is the nominated safeguarding advisor for the lead agency or organisation managing the centre.

In her absence this role is covered according to the hierarchy below. This also details the line management of the DSL and deputies.

#### 17. Reporting hierarchy for safeguarding

Name	Role in organisation	Reports to	Role in organisation	Phone number/s
Helen Mayor	Deputy Head Teacher	Himisha Patel	Head Teacher	02085710878
Emma Harvey	Nursery Officer	Himisha Patel/Helen Mayor	Head Teacher/Deputy Head Teacher	02085710878
Kamaljit Chagger	Children's Centre Practitioner	Himisha Patel/Helen Mayor	Head Teacher/Deputy Head Teacher	02085710878

The organisations that regularly deliver services to children and families in the Nursery school and children's centre must inform the lead Nominated Safeguarding Person who The Nominated Safeguarding Person for their organisation is. This information must be entered in the table below.

Name of service	Name of Nominated	Role in	Contact Details
/organisation	Safeguarding Person(DSL)	organisation	

Early Bird		Safeguarding Officer	020 8825 8343
Speech & Language Services	Andrea Edwards	Named Nurse	020 8967 5400

#### 18. Useful Information

Local Authority Designated Officer	Safeguarding, review and quality assurance manager Allegations against staff and volunteers Child protection conferences, MARAC, MAPPA and FGM. Diane Adjei-Gyamfi (interim LADO for existing cases) 020 8825 8930 <a href="mailto:assurance manager">assurance manager</a> Allegations against the surance manager Allegations against staff and volunteers Child protection conferences, MARAC, MAPPA and FGM. Diane Adjei-Gyamfi (interim LADO for existing cases)
Child Protection Advisory Line	Child protection duty desk 020 8825 8930
Ealing Children's Integrated Response Service	Tel: 020 8825 8000 ecirs@ealing.gov.uk
Contextual safeguarding coordinator	Christina Evers 020 8825 5951 EversC@ealing.gov.uk
Ealing Council Human Resources	Phone Ealing corporate resources on 020 8825 9000 First select option 3 - HR shared service centre Then select option 1 - schools HR
Police Child Protection Team	Tel: 020 8246 1901
Head of Early Years Childcare & SAFE 0-12	Charles Barnard Tel: 020 8825 6139 Email: CBarnard@ealing.gov.uk
Prevent General enquires	Email: <a href="mailto:preventschoolsinfo@ealing.gov.uk">preventschoolsinfo@ealing.gov.uk</a> Nazia Matin (Prevent co-ordinator): 020 8825 8895

The Children's Centres policy and procedure should be used in conjunction with Ealing's **Yellow Book 2022/23** (Ealing Safeguarding Children Guidance).

The Yellow Book 2022/23 is the key reference document for all staff, students and volunteers working with children and young people in Ealing, and has informed this nursery school and children's centre's policy and procedures.

#### 19. Key documents

Child and Family Enquiry Form ECIRS (attached)

The following key that support the procedures within this policy are to be found in Ealing's Yellow Book 2022/23:

Information:	
Policy statement	Appendix 2 and
	Appendix 3
Role Specification for the Designated Safeguarding Lead	Chapter 4
Promoting Safe Practice: Code of Conduct for Staff	Chapter 7
Flowcharts:	
Dealing with concerns that a child is at risk flowchart	Page 80
2. E-safety incident flowchart	Page 108
3. Flow chart for key questions for information sharing	Page 82
4. Allegations against staff and volunteers flowchart	Page 42

Incident report form	This policy,
	appendix 1

### Appendix 1 - Child Protection Incident Report Form



Child's Details	Staff Member's Details
Child's full name:	Member of staff reporting the incident:
DOB:	
Incident Details	
Date of incident:	
Time of incident:	
Write a factual account of the incident or information	on in the space below.
Who was present? What happened? Where did it has what was said by the member of staff and the child. map diagram and attach to this form.	
Signed by reporting member of staff:	
Name of senior staff	
member informed: The section is to be completed by a senior staff m	emher
What action has been	iciliaci.

Signed by senior member of staff:		
actions to be taken?		
Are there any further		
agencies been contacted?  eg. Ealing outreach, health visitor		
Have any other		
Has a social services referral been made? If yes, what was the outcome of this referral?		
Have the parents been informed?		
Include discussions with the child, parents or other professionals.		
taken and by whom?		

With pupils returning to school we may see an increase in the number of safeguarding disclosures or concerns. Some family situations may have changed dramatically over the past few months and we may think a pupil has become 'newly' vulnerable. The referral procedure HAS NOT changed, and we will continue to report concerns via ECIRS, following our current safeguarding procedures as laid out in our child protection policy. However, for those cases where there is uncertainty, the DSL or deputies may contact child protection adveres or ECIRS for calrity and advice.

The tables below confirm the process for taking action where safeguarding concerns arise at this time:

#### **STAFF**

- Hears or sees something that doesn't feel right
- Hears or sees something you think is a safeguarding concern
- Receives a disclosure about an incident that has happened during lockdown

#### ACTION:

Raise the concern with your DSL or Deputy DSL

#### **DSL**

- Refer to the <u>toolkit</u>, <u>FAQ</u> and/or safeguarding process document
- Decide from the list of service providers below who is best to speak to for further advice, guidance, support or action

#### **ACTION:**

Consider whether you need advice or to discuss a case, or whether you need to make a referral.

#### **ACTION**

- To discuss 'what next' or reflect on an incident go to a Child Protection Adviser using the CP duty desk number
- To make a referral or to see if this incident has been referred previously go to ECIRS
- To discuss a child you think may be missing, has not returned to school or you are unable to contact go to the CME team
- To discuss a possible case of exploitation, go to the Contextual Safeguarding team
- To discuss a concern about online radicalisation go to the Prevent team

#### KIT calls:

Where staff are calling families who are unable to attend nursery currently, they will make weekly reports detailing conversations with parents/carers. These reports will be read weekly by a member of the SLT. Where a member of staff making a KIT call feels there is a safeguarding concern, the DSL or deputy DSL will be notified immediately. The DSL will then take appropriate action. If the member of staff feels a child is newly vulnerable due to the current situation, including changes to family circumstance, lack of access to essential items and distance learning, this will also be reported to the DSL without delay.

The following Ealing Safeguarding Toolkit will be used to guide measures undertaken during this time and ensure that appropriate action is taken to support vulnerable children.

